This article will give us an insight into bone china vs porcelain.

Bone China vs Porcelain - understanding the difference between these two types of ceramic materials is important for anyone looking to buy or use ceramic pieces. Both are popular for their beauty and durability, but there are some important differences you should be aware of. Here are six things to know about the difference between bone china and porcelain.

1. Origin

Bone china originated in England in the late 1700s, while porcelain was first developed in China in the 7th century. Bone china is made from a combination of clay, bone ash, and other materials, while porcelain is made from a combination of clay, quartz, and feldspar.

2. Color

Bone china is usually white or off-white, while porcelain is often more colorful. Porcelain can be dyed or painted with a variety of colors, while bone china is usually limited to white or off-white.

3. Texture

Bone china is usually smooth and glossy, while porcelain can be either smooth or slightly textured. Bone china is also much thinner and lighter than porcelain.

4. Strength

Porcelain is usually stronger than bone china and less likely to chip or break. Bone china can be delicate and should be handled with care.

5. Uses

Bone china is usually used for decorative items, such as dinnerware, vases, and figurines. Porcelain is more popular for utilitarian items, such as sinks, toilets, and tiles.

6. Cost

Porcelain is typically less expensive than bone china. This is because porcelain is easier to mass-produce, while bone china is more labor-intensive.

Understanding the difference between bone china and porcelain is important for anyone looking to buy or use ceramic pieces. Both are popular for their beauty and durability, but there are some important differences to keep in mind. From origin and texture to strength and cost, these six things can help you make an informed decision.

References

• bone china vs porcelain